

Develop a person-centred rehabilitation plan for each person.

The team must meet, agree on, and document a **formulation** for each new resident before deciding on goals and agreeing upon a person-centred **rehabilitation plan** to achieve those goals. The plan should respect and support the residents' autonomy and include high-level goals (aims) concerning social participation. It must be written and made available to all interested parties. The initial plan should typically be completed within five days and always be available within two to four weeks. Written succinctly, it does not need to be a long document.

Rehabilitation planning capability.

Indicative descriptors.

- For most residents, the clinical documents show that the team:
 - Assessed the person's losses and abilities,
 - Established the person's interests, priorities, expectations, values, and goals,
 - Met to make a formulation and documented it,
 - Agreed on a plan, which was documented.

- For most residents the rehabilitation plan:
 - Was negotiated with the person,
 - Had individually generated person-centred long-term and shorter-term goals,
 - Was shared with interested parties,
 - Included a planned review process.